

ABN 97 853 552 816

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

CONTENTS

	Page No
Committee of Management's Operating Report	2
Committee of Management Statement	د
Auditor's Independence Declaration	a
Statement of Comprehensive Income	10
Statement of Financial Position	11
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Statement of Cash Flows	13
Statement of Receipts and Payments for Recovery of Wages Activity	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15
ndependent Audit Report	57

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Branch during the year fell in the following categories:

- Organising existing members and new members
- Bargaining, negotiating and arbitrating for improvements in wages and conditions of employment for members of the Branch.
- Representing members in work related grievances or other matters
- Undertaking training and development for delegates of the Branch.

Over the year the Branch negotiated many Collective Agreements delivering improvements in wages and conditions to ASU members.

There have been no changes in the principal activities of the Branch during the year.

Operating Results

The consolidated surplus for the financial year amounted to \$128,473 (2016 profit: \$5,892,135). The 2016 financial year surplus was heavily impacted by the transfer of net assets from Queensland Together, Industrial Union of Employees (state registered union) (refer Note 11A for more details).

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

There have been no significant changes to financial affairs of the union during the 2017 financial year.

After Balance Date Events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch.

Environmental Issues

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory.

Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Branch by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Membership of the Branch

Total number of members as at 30 June 2017: 26,760 (2016: 26,965).

Employees of the Branch

The number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees includes both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 69.65.

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

		•	•
Name	Period of	appo	intment
Sharon Abbott	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Michele Bailey	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Rachel Barley	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Elizabeth Barnes	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Ray Booker	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016 and 30/05/2017 to 30/06/2017
Cameron Brown	01/07/2016	to	03/02/2017
Michelle Byard	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016 and 30/05/2017 to 30/06/2017
Kerry Celledoni	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Christine Collyer	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Peter Devey	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Ashley Dodd	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2017
Sandy Donald	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Vivienne Doogan	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Karen Faulkner	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Katherine Flanders	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Eva Foster	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Christine Fox	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Deborah Green	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Ross Hall	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Rodney Harris	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Catherine Hogarth	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Rohan Hugenim	30/05/2017	to	30/06/2017
Norman Jacobsen	01/07/2016	to	19/12/0216
Peter Keys	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Stephen Louwrens	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Brendan Lynch	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Ruth McFarlane	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Maureen McKirdy	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Bruce Mercer	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Rodney Miles	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Irene Monro	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Christine Mulvogue	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Paul O'Driscoll	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Linda O'Gorman	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Joanne O'Shanesy	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Josephine Peat	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Members of the Committee of Management (Continued)

Name	Period of	app	ointment
Rodney Reeves	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Travis Rigby	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Darren Roach	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Gary Roberts	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Peter Robertson	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Angie Saville	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Alex Scott	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Anthony Scott	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Jasmin Sears	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Ryan Sheedy	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Pauline Spackman	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
John Stack	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Barry Stark	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Mark Starkey	01/07/2016	to	30/06/2017
Lyn Stephens	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Kim Sunarjana	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
James Swan	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Mandy Timmers	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Ross Uhlmann	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Gregory Walters	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Rowena Wichman	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016
Peter Yates	01/07/2016	to	17/10/2016

Note: The definition of the Committee of Management was changed from Together Branch Council to Together Branch Executive through a rules change effective 17/10/2016.

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2016.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Officers or Members who are Superannuation Fund Trustees/ Directors of a Company that is a Superannuation Fund Trustee

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Ruth McFarlane

- Member and Committee of Management Member of the Branch
- Trustee of Q Super
- Appointment by recommendation of the Queensland Council of Unions

Disclosure Statements - Remuneration and Non-Cash Benefits of Highest Paid Officers

The two highest paid offices of the Branch for the disclosure period ended 30 June 2017 and the amounts of the relevant remuneration paid to them and the value or form of non-cash benefits received by them are set out in the table below:

Remuneration is defined as per the Branch's Rules (rule 57A xvi) as follows:

- Includes pay, wages, salary, fees, allowances, leave, benefits or other entitlements (employer superannuation); but
- · Does not include a non-cash benefit; and
- Does not include the reimbursement or payment of reasonable expenses for the cost incurred in the course of the officer carrying out the officers' duties.

	Name of Officer	Actual amount of relevant remuneration	Value of non-cash benefits	Form of non-cash benefits
1	Alex Scott Branch Secretary	\$214,623	\$20,362	Motor Vehicle, phone/ internet and car park
2	Vivienne Doogan Branch President	\$186,741	\$10,284	Motor Vehicle operating costs and car park

Disclosure Statements - Officers' Material Personal Interests

No officer of the Branch has disclosed any material personal interests that they or a relative of theirs has in a matter that relates to the affairs of the Branch in the year ended 30 June 2017.

Disclosure by Branch of Payments to Related Parties or Declared Persons

The Branch has made no reportable payments to any related party or declared person or body of the Branch in the year ended 30 June 2017.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 9.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

3 November 2017

South Brisbane

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

On 3 November 2017, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2017.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the General Manager;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the union concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation;
- iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act;
- where the organisation consists of two or more reporting units, the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation;
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or General Manager; and
- vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Falr Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting year.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer:

Alex Scott

Title of Designated Officer:

Branch Secretary

Signature:

3 November 2017

Date:



accountants + auditors

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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION – QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch for the year ended 30 June 2017; I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.G.I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

3 November 2017

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

2016 \$ 12,293,413 126,526 6,114,219 18,534,158 (8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800) (97,603)	2017 \$ 12,638,328 - 207,687 193,899 13,039,914 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225) (1,097,594)	2016 \$ 12,293,413 125,190 6,114,219 18,532,822 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868)
12,293,413	12,638,328 - 207,687 193,899 13,039,914 - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	12,293,413 - 125,190 6,114,219 18,532,822 - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
126,526 6,114,219 18,534,158 18,534,158 (8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	207,687 193,899 13,039,914 - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	125,190 6,114,219 18,532,822 - - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
126,526 6,114,219 18,534,158 18,534,158 (8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	207,687 193,899 13,039,914 - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	125,190 6,114,219 18,532,822 - - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
6,114,219 18,534,158	193,899 13,039,914 - - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	6,114,219 18,532,822 - - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
6,114,219 18,534,158	193,899 13,039,914 - - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	6,114,219 18,532,822 - - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
6,114,219 18,534,158	193,899 13,039,914 - - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	6,114,219 18,532,822 - - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
18,534,158	13,039,914 - - 13,039,914 (8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	18,532,822 - - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
(8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	- - 18,532,822 (8,213,494) (704,502)
(8,213,494) (704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(8,502,566) (759,793) (263,225)	(8,213,494) (704,502)
(704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(759,793) (263,225)	(704,502)
(704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(759,793) (263,225)	(704,502)
(704,502) (397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(759,793) (263,225)	(704,502)
(397,868) (1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(263,225)	•
(1,001,161) (800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)		(,)
(800) (53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	, , ,	(1,001,161)
(53,669) (200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(2,850)	(800)
(200,725) (52,400) (80,800)	(124,521)	(53,669)
(52,400) (80,800)	(100,352)	(200,323)
(80,800)	(55,540)	(45,820)
	(24,000)	(80,800)
	(89,498)	(96,991)
	-	(60,075)
(1,839,001)		(1,785,184)
12,642,023)	(12,915,343)	(12,640,687)
5 892 135	124 571	5,892,135
(1,8 12,6	339,001)	- (39,321) 339,001) (1,856,083) 342,023) (12,915,343)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

		Consolidated		Pare	ent
		2017	2016	2017	2016
	Notes	\$	\$	\$	\$
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5A	9,441,717	9,233,357	9,437,815	9,155,963
Trade and other receivables	5B	97,466	60,853	97,466	276,943
Other current assets	5C	342,234	299,718	342,234	299,718
Total current assets		9,881,417	9,593,928	9,877,515	9,732,624
Non-Current Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	6	222,973	223,504	222,973	223,504
Total non-current assets		222,973	223,504	222,973	223,504
Total assets		10,104,390	9,817,432	10,100,488	9,956,128
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Trade payables	7A	222,190	159,074	222,190	144,328
Other payables	7B	457,059	340,046	457,059	493,488
Employee provisions	8A	2,417,199	2,431,146	2,417,199	2,431,146
Total current liabilities		3,096,448	2,930,266	3,096,448	3,068,962
Non-Current Liabilities					
Employee provisions	8A	69,139	76,836	69,139	76,836
Other provisions	8B	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Total non-current liabilities		99,139	106,836	99,139	106,836
Total liabilities	***************************************	3,195,587	3,037,102	3,195,587	3,175,798
Net assets	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6,908,803	6,780,330	6,904,901	6,780,330
EQUITY					
Retained earnings	_	6,908,803	6,780,330	6,904,901	6,780,330
Total equity		6,908,803	6,780,330	6,904,901	6,780,330

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Consolidated	Notes	Retained earnings	Total equity
		\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2015		888,195	888,195
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year		5,892,135	5,892,135
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	_
Closing balance as at 30 June 2016		6,780,330	6,780,330
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year		128,473	128,473
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2017	-	6,908,803	6,908,803
Parent		Retained	Total equity
rarent		earnings	
		\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2015		888,195	888,195
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year		5,892,135	5,892,135
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	
Closing balance as at 30 June 2016		6,780,330	6,780,330
Surplus/ (deficit) for the year		124,571	124,571
Other comprehensive income for the year		.	-
Closing balance as at 30 June 2017	-	6,904,901	6,904,901

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

		Conso	Consolidated		rent
		2017	2017 2016		2016
	Notes	\$	\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Receipts from other reporting units	9B	9,371	52,637	9,371	52,637
Receipts from members and other customers		14,060,379	13,589,919	14,276,469	13,589,571
Interest		153,979	126,516	153,782	125,190
Cash used					
Employees and suppliers		(13,008,840)	(12,905,412)	(13,151,241)	(12,906,957)
Payment to other reporting units	9B	(882,539)	(1,015,119)	(882,539)	(1,015,119)
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activities	9A	332,350	(151,459)	405,842	(154,678)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Cash received Cash transferred from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees Proceeds from the sale of plant and equipment			8,312,490	-	8,238,325
Cash used Purchase of plant and equipment		(123,990)	(89,794)	(123,990)	(89,804)
Net cash provided by/ (used in) investing activities		(123,990)	8,222,696	(123,990)	8,148,521
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	_	-	-
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash held		208,360	8,071,237	281,852	7,993,843
Cash & cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		9,233,357	1,162,120	9,155,963	1,162,120
Cash & cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		9,441,717	9,233,357	9,437,815	9,155,963

RECOVERY OF WAGES ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidat	Consolidated		Parent		
	2017	2016	2017	2016		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at			_			
beginning of year	-	.				
Receipts						
Amounts recovered from employers in respect of	-	-	_	_		
wages etc.						
Interest received on recovered money	_	-				
Total receipts	-	-		_		
Payments						
Deductions of amounts due in respect of						
membership for:						
12 months or less	-	_	-	-		
Greater than 12 months	-	-	-	-		
Deductions of donations or other contributions to						
accounts or funds of:						
The reporting unit:						
name of account	-	-	PA .	-		
name of fund	-	-	N.	-		
Name of other reporting unit of the						
organisation:						
name of account	-	-	-	-		
name of fund	•	-	-	-		
Name of other entity:						
name of account	_	-	-	-		
name of fund	-	-	-	-		
Deductions of fees or reimbursement of expenses	-	•	-	-		
Payments to workers in respect of recovered	_	_	_	_		
money						
Total payments	pe .	-	-	-		
Cash assets in respect of recovered money at	_	_	_	_		
end of year						
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates	-	-	-	-		
			له مغدمانس			
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to reco	overea monies t	out not yet aist	riputed			
Payable balance	~	-	-	-		
Number of workers the payable relates to	-			-		

INDEX TO THE NOTES OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1	Summary of significant accounting policies
Note 2	Events after the reporting period
Note 3	Income
Note 4	Expenses
Note 5	Current assets
Note 6	Non-current assets
Note 7	Current liabilities
Note 8	Provisions
Note 9	Cash flow
Note 10	Contingent liabilities, assets and commitments
Note 11	Related party disclosures
Note 12	Remuneration of auditors
Note 13	Financial instruments
Note 14	Fair value measurements
Note 15	Information about subsidiaries
Note 16	Section 272 Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009
Note 17	Branch Details
Note 18	Service agreement with Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees
Note 19	Segment Information
Note 20	Other acquisitions of assets or liabilities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements and have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) that apply for the reporting period and the Fair Work (Registered Organisation) Act 2009. Complaince with Australia Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by IASB. For the purpose of preparing the general purpose financial statements, the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch is a not-for-profit entity.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and in accordance with the historical cost, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets. Except where stated, no allowance is made for the effect of changing prices on the results or the financial position. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

1.2 Comparative amounts

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The following accounting assumptions or estimates have been identified that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

Key Estimates

Impairment -- general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are assessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

Key Judgements

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the useful life of the asset and the depreciation rates are assessed when the asset are acquired or when there is a significant change that affects the remaining useful life of the asset.

Provision for impairment of receivables

The value of the provision for impairment of receivables is estimated by considering the ageing of receivables, communication with the debtors and prior history.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.3 Significant accounting judgements and estimates (Continued)

On-cost for employee entitlement provision

The Branch revised its estimate for on-costs for employee provision during the year to include superannuation, workcover and payroll tax.

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards

Adoption of New Australian Accounting Standard requirements

No accounting standard has been adopted earlier than the application date stated in the standard.

Future Australian Accounting Standards Requirements

New standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that were issued prior to the sign-off date and are applicable to the future reporting period that are expected to have a future financial impact on the Branch include:

AASB 9: Financial Instruments and associates Amending Standards

(applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

The Standard will be applicable retrospectively (subject to the provisions on hedge accounting outlined below) and includes revised requirements for the classification and measurement of financial instruments, revised recognition and derecognition requirements for financial instruments and simplified requirements for hedge accounting.

Key changes that may affect the Branch on initial application include certain simplifications to the classification of financial assets, simplifications to the accounting of embedded derivatives, upfront accounting for expected credit loss, and the irrevocable election to recognise gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. AASB 9 also introduces a new model for hedge accounting that will allow greater flexibility in the ability to hedge risk, particularly with respect to hedges of non-financial items. Should the entity elect to change its hedge policies in line with the new hedge accounting requirements of the Standard, the application of such accounting would be largely prospective.

Although the Committee of Management anticipate that the adoption of AASB 9 may have an impact on the Branch's financial instruments, it is impractical at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact.

AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

(applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

When effective, this Standard will replace the current accounting requirements applicable to revenue with a single, principles-based model. Except for a limited number of exceptions, including leases, the new revenue model in AASB 15 will apply to all contracts with customers as well as non-monetary exchanges between entities in the same line of business to facilitate sales to customers and potential customers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.4 New Australian Accounting Standards (Continued)

AASB 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Continued)

The core principle of the Standard is that an entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for goods or services. To achieve this objective, AASB 15 provides the following five-step process:

- identify the contract(s) with the customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract(s);
- determine the transaction price:
- allocate the transaction price to perform obligations in the contract(s); and
- recognise revenue when (or as) the performance obligations are satisfied.

This Standard will require retrospective restatement, as well as enhance disclosures regarding revenue.

The Committee of Management anticipate that the adoption of AASB 15 will not have a significant impact on the Branch's financial statements.

AASB 16: Leases

(applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018)

AASB 16 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. A lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments.

A lessee measures right-of-use assets similarly to other non-financial assets (such as property, plant and equipment) and lease liabilities similarly to other financial liabilities. As a consequence, a lessee recognises depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows applying AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measures on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments (including inflation-linked payments), and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or note to exercise an option to terminate the lease.

Although the Committee of Management anticipate that the adoption of AASSB 16 may have an impact on the Branch's financial statements, it is impractical at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.5 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch and entities controlled by the Branch (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Branch is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity

Specifically, the Branch controls an investee if and only if it has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Branch has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Branch considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- Relevant activities of the investee and who has control over them
- Existing or future administrative or statutory arrangements that may give rise to rights/control (or change the previous control assessment)
- Whether rights are substantive or protective in nature and whether rights presently exercisable or will be exercisable when decisions about relevant activities are being made
- Exposure or rights to financial and non-financial returns (direct or indirect) and the ability to influence those returns
- Whether the investor is exercising its decision-making abilities as a principal or agent
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements

The Branch re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Branch obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when it loses control of the subsidiary.

Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Branch gains control until the date it ceases to control the subsidiary.

Income and expense of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Branch and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Branch.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.5 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Branch's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Branch losing control are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Branch's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Branch

When the Branch loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. When assets of the subsidiary are carried at revalued amounts or fair values and the related cumulative gain or loss has been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity are accounted for as if the Branch] had directly disposed of the relevant assets (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings as specified by applicable Standards). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly controlled entity.

1.6 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from subscriptions is accounted for on an accrual basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when, the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the entity retains no managerial involvement or effective control over the goods, the revenue and transaction costs incurred can be reliably measured, and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.

Donation income is recognised when it is received.

Receivables for goods and services, which have 30 day terms, are recognised at the nominal amounts due less any impairment allowance account. Collectability of debts is reviewed at end of the reporting period. Allowances are made when collectability of the debt is no longer probable.

Interest revenue is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.7 Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

1.8 Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

1.9 Employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Branch in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The Branch recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where an asset is acquired by means of a finance lease, the asset is capitalised at either the fair value of the lease property or, if lower, the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the contract and a liability is recognised at the same time and for the same amount.

The discount rate used is the interest rate implicit in the lease. Leased assets are amortised over the period of the lease. Lease payments are allocated between the principal component and the interest expense.

Operating lease payments are expensed on a straight-line basis which is representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets.

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.11 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

1.12 Cash

Cash is recognised at its nominal amount. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with bank, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturity of 3 months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

1.13 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Branch becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.14 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised upon trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Branch manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial asset other than a financial asset held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which
 is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the
 Branch's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the
 grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Held-to-maturity investments

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Branch has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.14 Financial assets (Continued)

Available-for-sale

Listed shares and listed redeemable notes held by the Branch that are traded in an active market are classified as available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. The Branch also has investments in unlisted shares that are not traded in an active market but that are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve, with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognised in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Branch right to receive the dividends is established. The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the spot rate at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognised in profit or loss are determined based on the amortised cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Loan and receivables

Trade receivables, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest rate basis except for debt instruments other than those financial assets that are recognised at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.14 Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Branch's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

When an available-for-sale financial asset is considered to be impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.14 Financial assets (Continued)

In respect of available-for-sale equity securities, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investments revaluation reserve. In respect of available-for-sale debt securities, impairment losses are subsequently reversed through profit or loss if an increase in the fair value of the investment can be objectively related to an event occurring after the recognition of the impairment loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Branch derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. The difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

1.15 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at fair value through profit or loss' or other financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are recognised and derecognised upon 'trade date'.

Fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing it in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Branch manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

A financial liability other than a financial liability held for trading may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition if:

- such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise; or
- the financial liability forms part of a group of financial assets or financial liabilities or both, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Branch's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is provided internally on that basis; or
- it forms part of a contract containing one or more embedded derivatives, and AASB 139
 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' permits the entire combined contract
 (asset or liability) to be designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.15 Financial liabilities (Continued)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any interest paid on the financial liability and is included in the 'other gains and losses' line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings and trade and other payables, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Branch derecognisos financial liabilities when, and only when, the Branch's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amounts of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

1.16 Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.17 Property, Plant and Equipment

Asset Recognition Threshold

Purchases of land, buildings, plant and equipment are recognised initially at cost in the Statement of Financial Position. The initial cost of an asset includes an estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation

Depreciable property, plant and equipment assets are written-off to their estimated residual values over their estimated useful life using, in all cases, the straight line method of depreciation. Depreciation rates (useful lives), residual values and methods are reviewed at each reporting date and necessary adjustments are recognised in the current, or current and future reporting periods, as appropriate.

Depreciation rates applying to each class of depreciable asset are based on the following useful lives:

	2017	2016
Plant and equipment	2 to 12 years	2 to 12 years
Motor Vehicles	6 to 7 years	6 to 7 years

Derecognition

An item of land, buildings, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit and loss.

1.18 Impairment for non-financial assets

All assets are assessed for impairment at the end of each reporting period to the extent that there is an impairment trigger. Where indications of impairment exist, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment adjustment made if the asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Where the future economic benefit of an asset is not primarily dependent on the asset's ability to generate future cash flows, and the asset would be replaced if the Branch were deprived of the asset, its value in use is taken to be its depreciated replacement cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.19 Taxation

The Branch is exempt from income tax under section 50.1 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST except:

- where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office;
- for receivables and payables.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is classified within operating cash flows.

1.20 Fair value measurement

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 16.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

1.20 Fair value measurement (Continued)

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

1.21 Going concern

The Branch is not reliant on the agreed financial support of another reporting unit to continue on a going concern basis.

The Branch has not agreed to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

NOTE 2 EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

There were no events that occurred after 30 June 2017, and/ or prior to the signing of the financial statements, that would affect the ongoing structure and financial activities of the Branch

	Consolidated		Parent		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
NOTE 3 INCOME				·	
Note 3A: Capitation fees	_		-	_	
Total capitation fees	-	•	•	_	
Note 3B: Levies					
Total levies	-	-	-	_	
Note 3C: Interest					
Deposits	207,884	126,526	207,687	125,190	
Total interest	207,884	126,526	207,687	125,190	
Note 3D: Other Revenue					
Sponsorship income	7,591	6,500	7,591	6,500	
Service income	**	24,371	.,	24,371	
Rental income	4,400	6,600	4,400	6,600	
Transfer of net assets from Queensland Together, Industrial Union of Employees (refer Note 11A)	-	5,999,118	-	5,999,118	
Proceeds from Queensland Together, Industrial Union of Employees on sale of fixed assets	85,505	<u></u>	85,505	_	
Other	96,403	77,630	96,403	77,630	
Total other revenue	193,899	6,114,219	193,899	6,114,219	
====					
Note 3E: Grants or donations					
Grants		_	_	_	
Donations	_	-	-	-	
Total grants or donations	-	_	•	-	
Note 3F: Net gains from sale of assets					
Land and buildings	-	-	-	_	
Plant and equipment	-	_			
Intangibles	•	_		***	
Total net gain from sale of assets	-	-	-		

		Consolidated		Parent	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
Nore		\$	\$	\$	\$
NOTE 4	EXPENSES				
Note 4A: E	imployee expenses				
Holders of	office:				
Wages	and salaries	475,049	527,763	475,049	E07 700
Superar	inuation	100,472	97,047	100,472	527,763
Leave a	nd other entitlements	63,648	62,095	63,648	97,047
Separat	on and redundancies	-	02,000	03,046	62,095
Other er	nployee expenses	_	_	-	-
Subtotal er	nployee expenses holders of office	639,169	686,905	639,169	686,905
	other than office holders:				
	and salaries	6,151,608	5,980,736	6,151,608	5,980,736
Superan		984,462	925,357	984,462	925,357
	nd other entitlements	727,327	620,496	727,327	620,496
	on and redundancies	-	-	_	· -
	nployee expenses	<u> </u>			-
than office		7,863,397	7,526,589	7,863,397	7,526,589
Total emplo	byee expenses	8,502,566	8,213,494	8,502,566	8,213,494
Note 4B: Ca	pitation fees				
Services Un	unicipal, Administrative, Clerical and ion (ASU – National Office)	759,793	704,502	759,793	704,502
Total capita	tion fees	759,793	704,502	759,793	704,502

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Note 4C: Affiliation fees				
Australian Council of Trade Unions IR Levy	-	116,296	-	116,296
Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland)	20,972	38,877	20,972	38,877
Queensland Council of Unions	161,101	160,302	161,101	160,302
Union Shopper	67,552	68,793	67,552	68,793
Queensland Community Alliance	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000
Property Owners' Association of Queensland	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Queensland Competition Authority	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Australian Society for the Study of Labour	100	100	100	100
Total affiliation fees	263,225	397,868	263,225	397,868
Note 4D: Administration expenses				
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	3,411	3,535	3,411	3,535
Compulsory levies			•	-,
ASU National Office (NADC Levy)	4,476	4,513	4,476	4,513
Fees/allowances - meeting and conferences	-			-,
Conference and meeting expenses	186,017	148,953	186,017	148,953
Conference/ Branch/ Council allowances	33,320	21,996	33,320	21,996
Executive expenses	16,674	19,433	16,674	19,433
Membership expenses	101,060	88,500	101,060	88,500
Subscriptions – refunds	7,890	7,797	7,890	7,797
Office expenses (rent, occupancy costs etc.)	648,741	628,323	648,741	628,323
Repairs and maintenance	53,481	41,386	53,481	41,386
Other administration expenses	42,524	36,725	42,524	36,725
Subtotal administration expense	1,097,594	1,001,161	1,097,594	1,001,161
Note 4E: Grants or donations				
Grants:				
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	_			
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	~	-	-	-
Donations:	-	-	-	-
Total paid that were \$1,000 or less	2,850	onn	2.050	222
Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	2,000	800	2,850	800
Total grants or donations	2 0 5 0			
Ga. a	2,850	800	2,850	800

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	2010
Note 4F: Depreciation and amortisation	•	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Depreciation				
Property, plant and equipment	94,337	46,084	94,337	46,084
Motor vehicles	30,184	7,585	30,184	7,585
Total depreciation	124,521	53,669	124,521	53,669
Amortisation	•	-	-	
Total amortisation	-	-		
Total depreciation and amortisation	124,521	53,669	124,521	53,669
Note 4G: Legal costs				
Litigation	15,002	24,042	15,002	24,042
Other legal matters	85,350	176,683	85,350	176,281
Total legal costs	100,352	200,725	100,352	200,323
Note 4H: Audit and professional fees				
External audit fees	46,200	45,000	46,200	38,420
Professional fees	44,552	7,400	9,340	7,400
Total audit and professional fees	90,752	52,400	55,540	45,820
Note 4I: Service agreement expenses				
Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000
Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch	-	56,800	-	56,800
Total service agreement expenses	24,000	80,800	24,000	80,800
Note 4J: Finance costs				
Bank fees and charges	89,812	97,603	89,498	96,991
Total service agreement expenses	89,812	97,603	89,498	96,991
•				

	Consolidated		Pai	Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Note 4K: Impairment expenses					
Impairment on receivables (Working for Queenslanders Limited)	-	-	39,321	60,075	
Total service agreement expenses			39,321	60,075	
			00,021	00,070	
Note 4L: Other expenses					
Penalties – via RO Act or RO Regulations	_				
Loss on sale of plant and equipment		_	-	-	
Advertising expenses	9,868	10,008	9,868	10.000	
Fringe benefit tax	65,733	40,004	65,733	10,008 40,004	
FBT expenses (reportable)	9,821	10,887	9,821	10,887	
Insurance	137,031	143,782	137,031	143,782	
Insurance - AHP Indemnity	90,933	86,337	90,933	86,337	
Insurance - Corrections Legal	84,428	72,770	84,428	72,770	
Motor vehicle expenses	112,716	94,160	112,716	94,160	
Mortality benefits payments	14,171	17,000	14,171	17,000	
Travel expenses	86,944	103,357	86,944	103,357	
Postage expenses	29,350	70,042	29,350	70,042	
Telephone expenses	125,616	143,205	125,616	143,205	
Computer expenses	134,583	62,020	134,583	62,020	
Membership IT expenses	40,800	71,600	40,800	71,600	
Office supplies expense	101,232	93,658	101,142	93,658	
Industrial campaigns	142,839	190,472	142,839	141,273	
Payroll tax	405,601	390,302	405,601	390,302	
Honoraria	18,103	19,700	18,103	19,700	
Labour day expenses	57,500	50,925	57,500	50,925	
Other expenses	188,904	168,772	188,904	164,154	
Total other expenses	1,856,173	1,839,001	1,856,083	1,785,184	
NOTE 5 CURRENT ASSETS Note 5A: Cash and Cash Equivalents					
·					
Cash at bank	3,423,998	3,254,633	3,420,096	3,229,943	
Cash on hand	1,810	1,810	1,810	1,810	
Term deposits	6,015,909	5,976,914	6,015,909	5,924,210	
Total cash and cash equivalents	9,441,717	9,233,357	9,437,815	9,155,963	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Note 5B: Trade and Other Receivables				
Receivables from other reporting units				
Australian Services Union - National Office	1,698	909	1,698	909
Less provision for impairment	-	-	•	_
Total receivables from other reporting units	1,698	909	1,698	909
Other receivables:				
Related party receivable (Working for Queenslanders Limited)	-	-	_	220,139
Related party receivable (Together, Queensland Industrial Union of Employees)	15,331	-	15,331	-
Other trade and sundry receivables	80,437	59,944	80,437	55,895
Total other receivables	95,768	59,944	95,768	276,034
Total trade and other receivables (net)	97,466	60,853	97,466	276,943
Note 5C: Other Current Assets				
Prepayments	342,234	299,718	342,234	299,718
Total other current assets	342,234	299,718	342,234	299,718
NOTE 6 NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, Plant and Equipment comprises of:				
Plant and equipment (Note 6A) Land and Buildings	86,681	148,608	86,681	148,608
Motor Vehicles (Note 6B)	- 136,292	74,896	- 136,292	74,896
Total land and buildings	222,973	223,504	222,973	223,504

Land and Buildings

The Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (State Registered Union) owns a 50% interest in the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane. An independent valuation was undertaken in July 2017 by Mr Geoffrey Trivett, AAPI CPV (Registered Valuers Number: 983) of GD Trivett & Associates Pt Ltd. This valuation indicated that the value of the land was \$3,050,000 and the building was \$1,350,000 (total \$4,400,000) of which 50% or \$2,200,000 relates to the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees.

Under the Deed of Arrangement (refer Note 11A), in the event that these assets were sold, the net proceeds would be passed through to the Branch. The above value is not reflected in the financial statements of the Branch at 30 June 2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parei	nt
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Note 6A: Plant and Equipment				
Plant and equipment:				
at cost	137,314	194,692	137,314	194,692
accumulated depreciation	(50,633)	(46,084)	(50,633)	(46,084)
Total plant and equipment	86,681	148,608	86,681	148,608

Reconciliation of the Opening and Closing Balances of Plant and Equipment

As at 1 July				·
Gross book value	194,692	<u></u>	194,692	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(46,084)	_	(46,084)	
Net book value 1 July	148,608	_	148,608	
Additions:				
By purchase	32,410	7,313	32,410	7,313
Transfer from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	-	187,379	-	187,379
Depreciation expense	(94,337)	(46,084)	(94,337)	(46,084)
Disposals:	-	-	-	(10,001)
Net book value 30 June	86,681	148,608	86,681	148,608
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:				,
Gross book value	137,314	194,692	137,314	194,692
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(50,633)	(46,084)	(50,633)	(46,084)
Net book value 30 June	86,681	148,608	86,681	148,608

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Note 6B: Motor Vehicles	\$	\$	\$	\$
Motor Vehicles:				
at cost	174,061	82,481	174,061	82,481
accumulated depreciation	(37,769)	(7,585)	(37,769)	(7,585)
Total motor vehicles	136,292	74,896	136,292	74,896
Reconciliation of the Opening and Closing Balan	ces of Motor Ve	hicles		
As at 1 July			**************************************	
Gross book value	82,481	_	82,481	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(7,585)	-	(7,585)	-
Net book value 1 July	74,896		74,896	
Additions:			,,,,,	
By purchase	91,580	82,481	91,580	82,481
Transfer from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	ŕ	-	21,000	-
Depreciation expense	(30,184)	(7,585)	(30,184)	(7,585)
Disposals	,	-	(,,	(7,000)
Net book value 30 June	136,292	74,896	136,292	74,896
Net book value as of 30 June represented by:				
Gross book value	174,061	82,481	174,061	82,481
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(37,769)	(7,585)	(37,769)	(7,585)
Net book value 30 June	136,292	74,896	136,292	74,896
NOTE 7 CURRENT LIABILITIES Note 7A: Trade payables				
Trade creditors and accruals	209,449	155,750	209,449	141,004
Subtotal trade creditors	209,449	155,750	209,449	141,004
Payables to other reporting units ASU - National Office ASU - Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch	- 12,741	3,324	- 12,741	3,324
Subtotal payables to other reporting units	12,741	3,324		
	12,141	3,324	12,741	3,324
Total trade payables	222,190	159,074	222,190	144,328
Settlement is usually made within 30 days.				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parent		
Note	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Note 7B: Other payables					
Wages and salaries	111,805	67,033	111,805	67,033	
Superannuation	112,692	100,615	112,692	100,615	
Consideration to employers for payroll deductions	· -	-	-	.00,010	
Legal costs					
Litigation	2,711	-	2,711	-	
Other legal matters	15,826	30,914	15,826	30,914	
Income received in advance	50,648	104,939	50,648	104,939	
GST payable	163,377	36,545	163,377	189,987	
Other	· -	· <u>-</u>	-	-	
Total other payables	457,059	340,046	457,059	493,488	
Total other payables are expected to be settled in:					
No more than 12 months	457,059	340,046	457,059	493,488	
More than 12 months	,	0-10,0-10 -	407,000	495,466	
Total other payables	457,059	340,046	457,059	493,488	
		0-10-10-10	407,009	493,400	
NOTE 8 PROVISIONS					
Note 8A: Employee Provisions					
Office Holders:					
Annual leave	159,469	148,081	159,469	148,081	
Long service leave	192,971	170,699	192,971	170,699	
Separations and redundancies	-	-	·	_	
Other	-	-	_	_	
Subtotal employee provisions—office holders	352,440	318,780	352,440	318,780	
Employees other than office holders:				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Annual leave	748,075	880,250	748,075	880,250	
Long service leave	1,385,823	1,308,952	1,385,823	1,308,952	
Separations and redundancies	-	-	-	, , ,	
Other	-	-	_	-	
Subtotal employee provisions—employees	2 422 909	2 190 202	2.422.000	0.400.000	
other than office holders	2,133,898	2,189,202	2,133,898	2,189,202	
Total employee provisions	2,486,338	2,507,982	2,486,338	2,507,982	
Current	2,417,199	2,431,146	2,417,199	2,431,146	
Non-Current	69,139	76,836	69,139	76,836	
Total employee provisions	2,486,338	2,507,982	2,486,338	2,507,982	
		-,00,,002	<u> </u>	Z,001,30Z	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Note 8B: Other Provisions				
Make good provision – 27 Peel Street, South Brisbane	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
Total other provisions	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
NOTE 9 CASH FLOW				
Note 9A: Cash Flow Reconciliation				
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents as Sheet to Cash Flow Statement:	per Balance			
Cash and cash equivalents as per:				
Cash flow statement	9,441,717	9,233,357	9,437,815	9,155,953
Balance sheet	9,441,717	9,233,357	9,437,815	9,155,953
Difference	-	_		-
Reconciliation of surplus/ (deficit) to net cash from operating activities:				
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	128,473	5,892,135	124,571	5,892,135
Adjustments for non-cash items				
Depreciation/amortisation	124,521	53,669	124,521	53,669
Loss on disposal of assets		-	-	
Gain of net assets in from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	-	(5,999,118)	-	(5,999,118)
Changes in assets/liabilities				
(Increase)/decrease in net receivables	(36,613)	(6,809)	179,477	2,918
(Increase)/decrease in prepayments	(42,516)	31,858	(42,516)	31,858
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	180,129	(187,464)	41,433	(200,410)
Increase/(decrease) in employee provisions	(21,644)	64,270	(21,644)	64,270
Net cash provided by/ (used in) operating activities	332,350	(151,459)	405,842	(154,678)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Par	ent
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Note 9B: Cash flow information				
Cash inflows				
ASU – (Queensland Services and Northern Administrative Branch)	7,261	52,637	7,261	52,637
ASU – National Office	2,110	-	2,110	_
Total cash inflows	9,371	52,637	9,371	52,637
Cash outflows				
ASU (Queensland Services and Northern Administrative Branch)	(26,421)	(92,881)	(26,421)	(92,881)
ASU - National Office	(856,118)	(922,238)	(856,118)	(922,238)
Total cash outflows	(882,539)	(1,015,119)	(882,539)	(1,015,119)

Note 9C: Credit standby arrangements and loan facilities

The Branch did not have any credit facilities during the 2017 financial year (2016: Nil).

Note 9D: Non-cash transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the 2017 financial year (2016: Nil).

NOTE 10 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies

Operating lease commitments—as lessee

The Branch leases 851 m2 on Level 1 at 27 Peel Street, South Brisbane as well as regional offices in Cairns, Townsville and Rockhampton. The lease expires on 30 June 2019, which increases at a rate of 3.75% each year.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June are as follows:

Within one year	424,510	368,219	424,510	368,219
After one year but not more than five years	589,888	758,847	589,888	758,847
More than five years	-	-	-	-
	1,014,398	1,127,066	1,014,398	1,127,066

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 10 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Note 10A: Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Consolidated		Parent	
2017	2016	2017	2016
\$	\$	\$	\$

Operating lease commitments—as lessor

The Branch leases sub-leases to 4 other unions at the Rockhampton regional office.

Future minimum rentals receivables under non-cancellable operating leases as at 30 June are as follows:

Within one year	31,278	-	31,278	-
After one year but not more than five years	131,767	-	131,767	-
More than five years	••	-	•	-
	163,045	-	163,045	-

Capital commitments

At 30 June 2017 the Branch did not have any capital commitments (2016: Nil).

Other contingent assets or liabilities

The Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that are likely to have a material effect on the results of the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 11 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period

Related reporting units

For financial reporting purposes, under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the Australian, Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union is divided into the following separate reporting units (and deemed related parties):

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – National Office (ASU – National Office) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch (ASU – Queensland Together Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales Local Government, Clerical, Administrative, Energy, Airlines and Utilities Branch (ASU – NSW United Services Branch) Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – New South Wales and Australian Capital Territory Branch (ASU – NSW & ACT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victorial Tasmania Authorities and Services Branch (ASU – VIC/ TAS Authorities Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Victoria Private Sector Branch (ASU – VIC Private Sector Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – South Australia/ Northern Territory Branch (ASU – SA/ NT Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Western Australia Branch (ASU – WA Branch)

Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Taxation Officers' Branch (ASU – Tax Officers' Branch)

In addition, the Branch's state registered body – Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees is a related party, as there are common members on both committees of management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the relevant year.

•	Consolidated		Parent		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Revenue received from ASU – National Office includes the following:					
Reimbursement of office and administration expenses	2,110	827	2,110	827	
Expenses paid to ASU – National Office includes the following:					
Capitation fees	759,793	704,754	759,793	704,754	
National airline industry division levy	4,477	4,513	4,477	4,513	
ACTU levy, insurance premium and other costs recharged	14,019	129,137	14,019	129,137	
Amounts owed by ASU – National Office include the following:					
Reimbursement of travel costs	1,698	909	1,698	909	
Revenue received from ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:					
Reimbursement of various expenses	-	47,852	-	47,852	
Reimbursement of property expenses on building located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	3,118	-	3,118	-	
Reimbursement of printing expenses	3,483	-	3,483	-	
Expenses paid to ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch includes the following:					
Service agreement expenses	-	56,800	-	56,800	
Rent	5,200	-	5,200	,	
Reimbursement of property expenses on building located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane	27,380	32,895	27,380	32,895	
Amounts owed to ASU – Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch include the following:					
Property expenses	12,741	3,324	12,741	3,324	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Consolidated Parent		Parent	nt	
	2017	2016	2017	2016			
	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Revenues received from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees includes the following: Net sales proceeds on the sale of unit trust and motor vehicles	85,805	-	85,805	-			
Expenses paid to Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees includes the following: Service agreement expenses	24,000	24,000	24,000	24,000			
Amounts owed by the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees include the following:							
Net sales proceeds on the sale of unit trust and motor vehicles	15,331	-	15,331	-			

Transfer of Assets from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees

A Deed of Agreement was entered into between the Branch and Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (the state registered union) that outlined in exchange for the transfer of net assets, the Branch would:

- 1. be responsible for all liabilities of Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (both actual and any contingent) prior to 1 July 2015;
- 2. from 1 July 2015 be liable for the payment of accrued employee entitlements and well as payment of all future employment costs;
- require all membership subscriptions are to be receipted into the Branch's authorised bank accounts;
- 4. be responsible for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Branch.
- 5. In the event that Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees sold any remaining assets (which comprise of 50% ownership of the land and buildings located at 32 Peel Street, South Brisbane, investment in unlisted unit trust and motor vehicles) that the net proceeds will be paid to the Branch.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 11A: Related Party Transactions for the Reporting Period (Continued)

Consolidated		Parent	
2017	2016	2017	2016
\$	\$	\$	\$

Transfer of Assets from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (Continued)

The net transfer of the assets from Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees occurred effective 1 July 2015. The assets and liabilities transferred included the following:

Cash and cash equivalents	- 8,312,490	•	8,238,324
Trade and other debtors	- 51,294	-	277,111
Prepayments	- 302,896	-	302,896
Property, plant and equipment	- 187,379	-	187,379
Trade and other payables	- (381,107)	-	(380,035)
GST liability (net)	- (122)	-	(152,845)
Employee entitlements	- (2,443,712)	-	(2,443,712)
Other provisions	- (30,000)	-	(30,000)

The impact of the above transaction resulted is a one off credit to the profit and loss accounts of \$5,999,118 (the net assets transferred to the Branch on 1 July 2015).

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances for sales and purchases at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 30 June 2017, the Branch has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties and declared person or body (2016: Nil). This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

Note 11B: Key Management Personnel Remuneration for the Reporting Period

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. The Branch has determined that key management personnel comprises of:

- Vivienne Doogan (Branch President)
- Alexander Scott (Branch Secretary)
- Irene Monro (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- Katherine Flanders (Assistant Branch Secretary)
- All remaining members of the Committee of Management.

During the year, the key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits				
Salary (including annual leave taken)	475,049	586,859	475,049	586,859
Annual leave accrued	48,036	46,865	48,036	46,865
Non-cash benefits	58,200	47,627	58,200	47,627
Other	19,284	27,215	19,284	27,215
Total short-term employee benefits	600,569	708,566	600,569	708,566
Post-employment benefits:				
Superannuation	100,472	97,047	100,472	97,047
Total post-employment benefits	100,472	97,047	100,472	97,047
Other long-term benefits:				
Long-service leave	15,612	15,230	15,612	15,230
Total other long-term benefits	15,612	15,230	15,612	15,230
Termination benefits		-		_
Total	716,653	820,843	716,653	820,843

No other transactions occurred during the year with elected officers, close family members or other related parties than those related to their membership or employment and on terms no more favourable than those applicable to any other member of employee.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Consolidated		Parent	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
NOTE 12 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS				
Value of the services provided				
Financial statement audit services	46,200	45,000	46,200	40,000
Other services	-	-	-	-
	46,200	45,000	46,200	40,000
Professional Fees (not provided by external auditor)	44,552	7,400	9,340	5,820
Total remuneration of auditors	90,752	52,400	55,540	45,820

Other services comprise of provision of taxation services and assistance with the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Risk Management Policy

Branch Executive monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposure and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the counterparty credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk and interest rate risk. The Branch Executive meets on a monthly basis to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

(a) Credit Risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arise from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss of the Branch. The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Ageing of financial assets	that were past c	lue but not impaire	d for 2017—Co	onsolidated	
	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	97,466	-	-	-	97,466
Total	97,466	•	-	140	97,466
Ageing of financial assets the	at were past due	but not impaired for	2016—Consoli	dated	
	0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables	60,853	-	-	-	60,853
10001100100					
Total	60,853		-	-	60,853
		- due but not impaire	- ed for 2017 Pa	- arent	60,853
Total		due but not impaire 31 to 60 days	61 to 90	arent 90+ days	60,853 Total
Total	that were past o				·
Total	that were past o	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total
Total Ageing of financial assets Trade and other	that were past o 0 to 30 days \$	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	90+ days	Total \$
Total Ageing of financial assets Trade and other receivables Total	that were past of to 30 days \$ 97,466	31 to 60 days \$ -	61 to 90 days \$ -	90+ days	Total \$ 97,466
Total Ageing of financial assets Trade and other receivables	that were past of to 30 days \$ 97,466	31 to 60 days \$ -	61 to 90 days \$ - - 2016—Parent 61 to 90	90+ days	Total \$ 97,466
Total Ageing of financial assets Trade and other receivables Total	that were past of 0 to 30 days \$ 97,466 97,466 at were past due	31 to 60 days \$ but not impaired for	61 to 90 days \$ - - 2016—Parent	90+ days \$ - -	Total \$ 97,466 97,466
Total Ageing of financial assets Trade and other receivables Total	that were past of to 30 days \$ 97,466 97,466 at were past due 0 to 30 days	31 to 60 days \$ - but not impaired for 31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days \$ - - 2016—Parent 61 to 90 days	90+ days - - 90+ days	Total \$ 97,466 97,466

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee. At 30 June 2017, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2017 (2016: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates

Consolidated

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within 1 Year		1 to 5 Ye	1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial liabilities due for payment									
Trade payables	(222,190)	(159,074)	-	-	-	-	(222,190)	(159,074)	
Other payables	(457,059)	(340,046)	-	-	-	-	(457,059)	(340,046)	
Total expected outflows	(679,249)	(499,120)	_	<u></u>	_	-	(679,249)	(499,120)	
•				***					
Financial assets – cash flow receivable									
Cash and cash equivalents	9,441,717	9,233,357	-	-	-	_	9,441,717	9,233,357	
Trade and other receivables	97,466	60,853	-	<u>.</u>	-	-	97,466	60,853	
Total anticipated inflows	9,539,183	9,294,210	-	_	-	-	9,539,183	9,294,210	
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	8,859,934	8,795,090	-	-	-	-	8,859,934	8,795,090	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Parent

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within	Within 1 Year 1 to 5 Years		Over 5 Y	ears	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(222,190)	(144,328)	-	_	-	-	(222,190)	(144,328)
Other payables	(457,059)	(493,488)	-	-	-	-	(457,059)	(493,488)
Total expected outflows	(679,249)	(637,816)	-	4	-	-	(679,249)	(637,816)
Financial assets – cash flow receivable								
Cash and cash equivalents	9,437,815	9,155,963	-	-	-	-	9,437,815	9,155,963
Trade and other receivables	97,466	276,943	-	-	-	-	97,466	276,943
Total anticipated inflows	9,535,281	9,432,906	_	_	=	-	9,535,281	9,432,906
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	8,856,032	8,795,090	44	-	-	<u>.</u>	8,856,032	8,795,090

(c) Market Risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Branch to interest rate risk are limited to its cash reserves.

ii. Foreign exchange risk

The Branch is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price risk

The Branch is no exposed to any material commodity price risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 13 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	Consolidated		Parer	nt
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Change in profit				
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	188,834	184,667	188,749	183,119
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(60,976)	(66,233)	(61,692)	(66,233)
Change in members equity		10.1.007	400 740	492 440
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	188,834	184,667	188,749	183,119
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(60,976)	(66,233)	(61,692)	(66,233)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair Values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

The following table contains the carrying amounts and related fair values for the Branch's financial assets and liabilities:

Consolidated		20)17	7 20		
	Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	(i)	9,441,717	9,441,717	9,233,357	9,233,357	
Accounts receivable and other debtors	(i)	97,466	97,466	60,853	60,853	
Total financial assets		9,539,183	9,539,183	9,294,210	9,294,210	
Financial liabilities					Andrian compensation and entering the control of th	
Accounts payable and other payables	(i)	677,249	677,249	499,120	499,120	
Total financial liabilities		677,249	677,249	499,120	499,120	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

2017			2016		
Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
(i)	9,437,815	9,437,815	9,155,963	9,155,963	
(i)	97,466	97,466	276,943	276,943	
	9,535,281	9,535,281	9,432,906	9,432,906	
(i)	677,249	677,249	637,816	637,816	
	677,249	677,249	637,816	637,816	
	(i) (i)	Footnote Carrying value \$ (i) 9,437,815 (i) 97,466 9,535,281	Footnote Carrying value \$ \$ \$ (i) 9,437,815 9,437,815 (i) 97,466 97,466 9,535,281 9,535,281	Footnote Carrying value Fair value Carrying value \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2017 (2016: Nil).

NOTE 15 INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Branch include:

Name of entity	Principal activity	Country of Incorporation	Interest 2017 %	Interest 2016 %
Working for Queenslanders Limited	Political Activities	Australia	100	100

NOTE 16 SECTION 272 FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the provisions of subsections (1) to (3) of section 272, which reads as follows:

Information to be provided to members or Commission:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the Commissioner, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

NOTE 17 BRANCH DETAILS

The registered office of the Branch is:

Level 1, 27 Peel Street, SOUTH BRISBANE QLD 4001

NOTE 18 SERVICE AGREEMENT WITH TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

A deed of agreement was entered into (dated 26 November 2010) by the former Queensland Public Sector Union and the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union, Central and Southern Queensland Clerical and Administrative Branch, Union of Employees to amalgamate and form Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees ('Together).

Upon the formation of the Together, the Branch entered into a service agreement (dated 1 July 2011), which detailed a number of arrangements including:

- The setting of membership fees and maintenance of a membership system.
- The employment and management of staff.
- Provision of industrial, employment and membership services for the members of the Branch.
- Management of the finances of the Branch.
- Eligibility for membership and the coverage of both the Branch and Together.

The above agreement effective ended on 1 July 2015, upon the net assets of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees transferring into the Branch.

NOTE 19 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Branch operates solely in one reporting segment, being the provision of industrial services in Queensland.

NOTE 20 OTHER ACQUISITIONS OF ASSETS OR LIABILITIES

During the financial year the Branch has not acquired an asset or liability as a result of:

- (a) An amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009.
- (b) A restructure of Branches of the organisation.
- (c) A determine by the Commission under subsection 245(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation.
- (d) A revocation by the Commission under subsection 249(1) of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of a certificate issued to the organisation under subsection 241(1).
- (e) A business combination.



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Independent Audit Report to the Members of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch (the Branch) and the Controlled Entity (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies; and the Committee of Management Statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report presents fairly, in all material aspects, the financial position of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch and the Controlled Entity as at 30 June 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date in accordance with:

- a) the Australian Accounting Standards; and
- b) any other requirements imposed by the Reporting Guidelines or Part 3 of Chapter 8 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 (the RO Act).

We declare that management's use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements of the Branch is appropriate.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Branch in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Committee of Management is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is in the Operating Report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Committee of Management for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management of the Branch is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the RO Act, and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Committee of Management is responsible for assessing the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Committee of Management either intend to liquidate the Branch or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Branch's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Committee of Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Committee of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Branch's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Branch to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Branch to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Branch's audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Committee of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Declaration

I declare that I am an approved auditor, a member of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report

The scope of my work extended to the recovery of wages activity and we have audited the recovery of wages activity financial report for the year ended 30 June 2017

In our opinion, the financial statements and notes and recovery of wages activity financial report properly and fairly report all information required by the reporting guidelines of the Commissioner, including:

- a) any fees charged to, or reimbursements of expenses claimed from, members and others for recovery of wages activity; and
- b) any donations or other contributions deducted from recovered money.

Responsibilities

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the recovery of wages activity financial report in accordance with the reporting guidelines of the Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the recovery of wages activity financial report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

M. G. I

MGI Audit Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

3 November 2017

Registration number (as registered by the RO Commissioner under the RO Act): AA2017/2