(FORMERLY AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION CENTRAL & SOUTHERN QUEENSLAND CLERICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH)

ABN 97 853 552 816

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

ABN 97 853 552 816

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Operating Report

In accordance with section 254 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act") the Committee of Management ("the Committee") presents its Operating Report on the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch"), for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch is to act on behalf of members in pursuit of the Objects of the Branch (as detailed on page 39 of the financial report).

Operating Results

The deficit for the financial year amounted to \$625,974 (2014 surplus: \$49,290). The deficit for the year is a result of:

- As detailed in Note 3(m), the former Branch Secretary was seconded to National Office.
- Payment to National Office for ACTU affiliation of \$257,767 (Note 3(f)) was incurred during the 2015 year.
- As detailed in the Committee of Management Statement (page 5), an additional payment of \$183,010.30 (GST inclusive) was made to the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees as a result of the non-compliance with the Service Agreement.

Significant Changes in Financial Affairs

A review of the operations of the Branch during the financial year found that there was no significant change in the financial affairs of the Branch's operations during the year.

After Balance Date Events

Subsequent to balance date Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (state registered union) has transferred a total of \$5,791,512 in net assets to the Branch. As detailed in Note 14, the Branch has agreed to be responsible for all of the liabilities of the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees prior to 1 July 2015 as well as all future liabilities after the date of transfer.

Except for the above matter, there have been no other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Branch, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Branch in future financial years.

Future Developments

Likely developments in the operations of the Branch or the expected result of those operations in future financial years have not been included in this report as such information is likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Branch.

Environmental Issues

The Branch's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a state or territory

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COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Members Right to Resign

A member may resign from the Branch by written notice addressed and delivered to the Secretary of the Branch in which membership is held.

Membership of the Branch

Number of members as at 30 June 2015: 26,540 (2014: 9,040).

Employees of the Branch

As detailed at Note 20, the Branch has an agreement that all services required for the operation and day-to-day function of the Branch (such as of industrial matters, administration etc.), was to be performed by staff of the Together Queensland, Industrial, Union of Employees.

As a result, the number of persons who were, at the end of the period to which the report relates, employees of the Branch, where the number of employees include both full-time and part-time employees measured on a full-time equivalent basis is 0.0 (2014: 0.0).

Members of the Committee of Management

The name of each person who has been a member of the Committee of Management of the Branch at any time during the reporting period, and the period for which he or she held such a position is as follows:

Name	Period of appointment		
Julie Bignell* Irene Monro* Ruth McFarlane* Christine Collyer* Beth Barnes* Kerry Celledoni* Janelle Comerford* Gavin Neville* Barry Stark* Mark Starkey* Chris Barrett Maree Bock Errold Bryant John Fulton Eddie Krausts Christine Lowrie Barbara Melville Serah-Jane Morgan John Tencate Anne-Marie Bergel	Period of applications of appl	to t	3/03/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015
Malcolm Tune Marta Wood Alex Scott* Vivienne Doogan* Kate Flanders* Sandy Donald* Sharon Abbott* Paul O'Driscoll* Peter Devey*	8/10/2014 8/10/2014 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015 19/05/2015 15/05/2015 15/05/2015	to to to to to to	15/05/2015 15/05/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015 30/06/2015

^{*} Member of the Branch Executive

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Indemnifying Officers or Auditors

The Branch has not, during or since the end of the financial year, in respect of any person who is or has been an officer or auditor:

- indemnified or made any relevant agreement for indemnifying against a liability, including costs and expenses in successfully defending legal proceedings; or
- paid or agreed to pay a premium in respect of a contract insuring against liability for the costs or expenses to defend legal proceedings.

Wages Recovery Activity

The Branch has not undertaken any recovery of wages activity for the financial years ended 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2014.

Membership of Superannuation Scheme

Those who hold a position of trustee or director of an entity, scheme or company as described in s.254 (2) (d) of the *Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009*, where a criterion of such entity is that the holder of such position must be a member or official of a registered organisation are as follows:

Julie Bignell - Member and Committee of Management Member on behalf of the Branch

- Branch Secretary of the Branch from 01/07/2014 to 3/03/2015

- Trustee of CareSuper

Ruth McFarlane - Member and Committee of Management Member of the Branch

- Trustee of Q Super

- Appointment by recommendation of the Queensland Council of Unions

Disclosure Statements - Remuneration and Non-Cash Benefits of Highest Paid Officers

The two highest paid offices of the Branch for the disclosure period ended 30 June 2015 and the amounts of the relevant remuneration paid to them and the value or form of non-cash benefits received by them are set out in the table below:

Remuneration is defined as per the Branch's Rules (rule 57A xvi) as follows:

- Includes pay, wages, salary, fees, allowances, leave, benefits or other entitlements (employer superannuation); but
- Does not include a non-cash benefit; and
- Does not include the reimbursement or payment of reasonable expenses for the cost incurred in the course of the officer carrying out the officers' duties.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT'S OPERATING REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Disclosure Statements - Remuneration and Non-Cash Benefits of Highest Paid Officers (continued)

	Name of Officer	Actual amount of relevant remuneration \$	Value of or form of non-cash benefits
1	Julie Bignell Branch Secretary Central & Southern Queensland Clerical and Administrative Branch (1 July 2014 – 3 March 2015)	199,719*	3,702
	Alex Scott Branch Secretary Queensland Together Branch (15 May 2015 – 30 June 2015)	27,239	2,362
2	Irene Monro Assistant Branch Secretary Central & Southern Queensland Clerical and Administrative Branch (1 July 2014 – 15 May 2015) Assistant Branch Secretary Queensland Together Branch (15 May 2015 – 30 June 2015)	145,963	3,487

^{*} includes termination payment of accrued leave entitlements

Disclosure Statements - Officers' Material Personal Interests

No officer of the Branch has disclosed any material personal interests that they or a relative of theirs has in a matter that relates to the affairs of the Branch in the year ended 30 June 2015.

Disclosure by Branch of Payments to Related Parties or Declared Persons

The Branch has made no reportable payments to any related party or declared person or body of the Branch in the year ended 30 June 2015.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 7.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management and is signed for and on behalf of the Committee of Management by:

Alex Scott Branch Secretary

21 October 2016

South Brisbane

√ivienne Doogan

President

21 October 2016

South Brisbane

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

On 21 October 2016, the Committee of Management of the Branch passed the following resolution to the General Purpose Financial statements (GPFR) of the reporting unit for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

The Committee of Management declares in relation to the GPFR that in its opinion:

- (a) the financial statements and notes comply with the Australian Accounting Standards;
- (b) the financial statements and notes comply with the reporting guidelines of the General Manager;
- (c) the financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Branch for the financial year to which they relate;
- (d) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Branch will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (e) during the financial year to which the GPFR relates and since the end of that year:
- i. meetings of the Committee of Management were held in accordance with the rules of the organisation and the rules of the union concerned; and
- ii. the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation including the rules of the union concerned, with the exception of the following during the period 1 July 2014 to 14 May 2015:
 - (1) The National Rule 24 'Loans, Grants or Donations' was not complied with in January 2015, in that while the Branch Executive was supportive of the \$10,000 donation this was not approved by the Branch Executive and was not approved expenditure of the Branch.
 - (2) Branch Rule 12(vi) 'Branch Secretary' was not complied with as while a profit and loss statements were presented to Branch Council, no statement of receipts and payments were submitted to the Branch Council.
 - (3) Branch Rule 12(vii) 'Branch Secretary' was not complied with as all accounts were paid by electronic funds transfer and not by cheque.
 - (4) Branch Rule 12 (xiii) 'Branch Secretary' was not in all instances complied with in relation to the keeping of Branch Executive minutes.
 - (5) Branch Rule 23 'Banking' was not complied with by the use of electronic funds transfer being approved by a single official and deposits to accounts other than the Branch General Account occurred without the appropriate signatories.
 - (6) Branch Rule 23 'Banking' was not complied with on multiple occasions with monies being deposited in Branch accounts other than the Branch General Account without two officials as signatories. This breach had a material effect on the calculations of the Services Agreement with Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees. The Branch was required to transfer \$183,010.30 on 30 June 2015 as adjustment to the Service Agreement payments for the 2014/15 financial year to rectify this.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT STATEMENT (CONTINUED)

That the Branch Executive declares that the financial affairs of the Branch have been managed in accordance with the rules of the organisation, including the rules of the Branch for the period 15 May 2015 to 30 June 2015 following the declaration of the Branch elections and the consequential changes to the rules of the Branch.

- iii. the financial records of the Branch have been kept and maintained in accordance with the RO Act; and
- iv. the financial records of the reporting unit have been kept, as far as practicable, in a consistent manner to each of the other reporting units of the organisation; and
- v. where information has been sought in any request of a member of the reporting unit or General Manager duly made under section 272 of the RO Act, that information has been provided to the member or General Manager; and
- vi. there have been no orders for inspection of financial records made by the Fair Work Commission under section 273 of the RO Act during the year.
- (f) No revenue has been derived from undertaking recovery of wages activity during the reporting year.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Committee of Management.

Name of Designated Officer: Alex Scott

Title of Designated Officer: Branch Secretary

Signature:

Date: 21 October 2016



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION TO THE COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT OF AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION – QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH

As lead auditor for the audit of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union – Queensland Together Branch for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

M.S.I

MGI Audit (Q) Pty Ltd

G | Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

South Brisbane

21 October 2016

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenue	2	3,293,946	3,517,373
Administration expenses	3(e)	(54,990)	(43,634)
Affiliation fees	3(f)	(317,140)	(78,490)
Capitation fees	3(g)	(526,474)	(214,030)
Depreciation expense and amortisation	3(a)	(4,443)	(4,838)
Employee benefit expense	3(d)	-	-
Grants and donations	3(b)	(10,100)	(7,951)
Legal expenses	3(c)	(21,876)	(18,985)
Service Fees	3(k)	(2,769,603)	(3,041,562)
Other operating expenses	3(I)	(64,237)	(58,593)
Seconded staff expense	3(m)	(151,057)	
(Deficit)/ Surplus before income tax		(625,974)	49,290
Income tax expense	1(a)		
(Deficit)/ Surplus for the year		(625,974)	49,290
Other Comprehensive Income Other comprehensive income (net of income tax)		**	-
Total comprehensive (Deficit)/ Surplus for the year		(625,974)	49,290

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

ASSETS	Note	2015 \$	2014 \$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Prepayments	4 5 6	1,162,110 41,015 28,680	1,874,305 46,605 23,722
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,231,805	1,944,632
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment	7		7,885
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		_	7,885
TOTAL ASSETS		1,231,805	1,952,517
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Provisions	8 9	343,610	438,348
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		343,610	438,348
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Provisions	9		
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		343,610	438,348
NET ASSETS	ı	888,195	1,514,169
MEMBERS EQUITY Retained Earnings	ā	888,195	1,514,169

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance at 1 July 2013 Surplus attributable to members of the Branch Other comprehensive income	\$ 1,464,879 49,290 	\$ 1,464,879 49,290
Balance at 30 June 2014	1,514,169	1,514,169
Balance at 1 July 2014 Deficit attributable to members of the Branch Other comprehensive income	1,514,169 (625,974)	1,514,169 (625,974)
Balance at 30 June 2015	888,195	888,195

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from members Receipts from others Payments to suppliers and employees Interest received		3,552,315 65,127 (4,373,153) 40,788	3,398,821 69,548 (3,378,643) 15,007
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities	10(b)	(714,923)	104,733
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Payment for plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of plant and equipment Other – Working for Queenslanders		2,728 	1,659 (7,383,523)
Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities		2,728	(7,381,864)
Cash Flows Financing Activities			
Net decrease in cash held		(712,195)	(7,277,131)
Cash at beginning of financial year		1,874,305	9,151,436
Cash at end of financial year	10(a)	1,162,110	1,874,305

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR RECOVERY OF WAGE ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Cash assets in respect of recovery money at beginning of year	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Receipts Amount recovered from employers in respect of wages etc. Interest received on recovered money		-	-
Total Receipts		-	ine .
Payments Deductions of amounts due in respect of membership for: - 12 months or less - greater than 12 months		-	- -
Deductions of donations or other contributions to accounts or funds of - the Branch - other entity		- -	- -
Deductions of fees or reimbursements of expenses Payments to workers in respect of recovered money		<u>-</u>	-
Total Payments		_	16
Cash assets in respect of recovery money at end of year		-	-
Number of workers to which the monies recovered relates		-	-
Aggregate payables to workers attributable to recovere Payable balance	d monie	s but not yet distr -	ibuted -
Number of workers the payable relates to		-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements cover the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch") as an individual entity. The Branch is a registered trade union which is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009. The Branch is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in the financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements have been prepared, except for cash flow information, on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 21 October 2016 by the Committee of Management of the Branch.

(a) Income Tax

The Branch is exempt from income tax by virtue of section 50-1 of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997*, however still has obligation for Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and the Goods and Services Tax (GST).

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown with short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

(c) Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the Branch to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount from these assets. The recoverable amount is assessed on the basis of the expected net cash flows that will be received from the assets employment and subsequent disposal. The expected net cash flows have been discounted to their present values in determining recoverable amounts.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Branch and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Plant and Equipment (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the Branch commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

The depreciation rates used for each class of assets are:

Class of Fixed Asset Depreciation Rate
Motor Vehicles 20%

The asset's residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Branch commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted). Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- 1. The amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- 2. less principal repayments;
- 3. plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method and
- 4. less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions, reference to similar instruments and option pricing models.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the Branch's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iv) Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with any re-measurements other than impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets when they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as current assets.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities other than financial guarantees are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial liability is derecognised.

Fair Value

Fair value is determined based on current bid prices for all quoted investments. Valuation techniques are applied to determine the fair value for all unlisted securities, including recent arm's length transactions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Branch assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets will be deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of the occurrence of one or more events (a "loss event"), which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtors, or a group of debtors, are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, indications that they will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having undertaken all possible measures of recovery, if the management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the writing off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance accounts.

When the terms of financial assets that would otherwise have been past due or impaired have been renegotiated, the Branch recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Employee Benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave, long service leave and termination benefits when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits (as defined in AASB 119 *Employee Benefits*) and termination benefits which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the end of reporting period are measured at their nominal amounts. The nominal amount is calculated with regard to the rates expected to be paid on settlement of the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Employee Benefits (Continued)

Other long-term employee benefits which are expected to be settled beyond twelve months are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the reporting unit in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Provision is made for separation and redundancy benefit payments. The Branch recognises a provision for termination as part of a broader restructuring when it has developed a detailed formal plan for the terminations and has informed those employees affected that it will carry out the terminations. A provision for voluntary termination is recognised when the employee has accepted the offer of termination.

Any contributions that are made by the Branch to an employee superannuation fund are expensed when incurred.

(f) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Branch has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(g) Revenue

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account any trade discounts and rebates allowed.

Revenue from member contributions is accounted for on an accruals basis and is recorded as revenue in the year to which it relates

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST").

(h) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the Branch during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of the recognition of the liability.

(i) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO). In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense.

Receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Comparative Figures

When required by Australian Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

(k) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Branch reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the assets carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Branch estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(I) Trade and Other Receivables

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(k) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

(m) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgement

The Branch's Committee of Management evaluates estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Branch.

Key Estimates

Impairment - general

The Branch assesses impairment at each reporting period by evaluation of conditions and events specific to the Branch that may be indicative of impairment triggers. Recoverable amounts of relevant assets are reassessed using value-in-use calculations which incorporate various key assumptions.

No impairment has been recognised in respect of the current year.

(n) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

The Branch adopted the following Australian Accounting Standards, together with the relevant consequential amendments arising from related Amending Standards, from the mandatory application date of 1 January 2014:

- AASB 10: Consolidated Financial Statements
- AASB 11: Joint Arrangements
- AASB 12: Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities; and
- AASB 127: Separate Financial Statements

The adoption of the above accounting standards did not impact on the financial statements as the Branch does not hold any investment in other entities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(o) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Branch. The Branch has decided not to early adopt any of the new and amended pronouncements. The Branch's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Branch but applicable in future reporting periods is set out below:

 AASB 9: Financial Instruments: AASB 9 (December 2014) is a new Principal standard which replaces AASB 139. This new Principal version supersedes AASB 9 issued in December 2009 (as amended) and AASB 9 (issued in December 2010) and includes a model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting.

AASB 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. However, the Standard is available for early application. The own credit changes can be early applied in isolation without otherwise changing the accounting for financial instruments.

The final version of AASB 9 introduces a new expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new Standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognised. The Standard also requires to recognise full lifetime expected losses on a more timely basis.

Amendments to AASB 9 (December 2009 & 2010 editions) (AASB 2013-9) issued in December 2013 included the new hedge accounting requirements, including changes to hedge effectiveness testing, treatment of hedging costs, risk components that can be hedged and disclosures.

AASB 9 includes requirements for a simpler approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139.

The main changes are described below.

- (a) Financial assets that are debt instruments will be classified based on (1) the objective of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; (2) the characteristics of the contractual cash flows.
- (b) Allows an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading in other comprehensive income. Dividends in respect of these investments that are a return on investment can be recognised in profit or loss and there is no impairment or recycling on disposal of the instrument.
- (c) Financial assets can be designated and measured at fair value through profit or loss at initial recognition if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities, or recognising the gains and losses on them, on different bases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (o) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (Continued)
 - (d) Where the fair value option is used for financial liabilities the change in fair value is to be accounted for as follows:
 - The change attributable to changes in credit risk are presented in other comprehensive income (OCI)
 - The remaining change is presented in profit or loss
 - AASB 9 also removes the volatility in profit or loss that was caused by changes in the credit
 risk of liabilities elected to be measured at fair value. This change in accounting means that
 gains caused by the deterioration of an entity's own credit risk on such liabilities are no longer
 recognised in profit or loss.

Consequential amendments were also made to other standards as a result of AASB 9, introduced by AASB 2009-11 and superseded by AASB 2010-7, AASB 2010-10 and AASB 2014-1 – Part E (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2018).

- AASB 2014-1 Part A Annual Improvements 2011 2013 Cycle: Annual improvements to IFRS 2011-2013 cycle address the following items:
 - AASB 13 Clarifies that the portfolio exception in paragraph 52 of AASB 13 applies to all contracts within the scope of AASB 139 or AASB 9, regardless of whether they meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities as defined in AASB 132.
 - AASB 140 Clarifies that judgment is needed to determine whether an acquisition of investment property is solely the acquisition of an investment property or whether it is the acquisition of a group of assets or a business combination in the scope of AASB 3 that includes an investment property. That judgment is based on guidance in AASB 3 (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2015).
- AASB 2014-4: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments to AASB 116 and AASB 138): AASB116 and AASB 138 both establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset.

The IASB has clarified that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The amendment also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. This presumption, however, can be rebutted in certain limited circumstances (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2016).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- (o) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods (Continued)
 - AASB 2014-2: Amendments to AASB 1053 Transitions to and between Tiers, and related Tier 2 Disclosure Requirements (AASB 1053): The standard makes amendments to AASB 1053 Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards to:
 - Clarify that AASB 1053 relates only to general purpose financial statements.
 - Make AASB 1053 consistent with the availability of the AASB 108 Accounting Policies, Changes to Accounting Estimates and Errors option in AASB 1 First-Time Adoption of Australian Accounting Standards.
 - Clarify certain circumstances in which an entity applying Tier 2 reporting requirements can apply the AASB 1008 option in AASB 1; permit an entity applying Tier 2 reporting requirements for the first time to do so directly using the requirements in AASB 108 (rather than applying AASB 1) when, and only when, the entity had not applied, or only selectively applied, applicable recognition and measurement requirements in its more recent previous annual special purpose financial statements.
 - Specify certain disclosure requirements when an entity resumes the application of Tier
 2 reporting requirements (applicable for annual reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2015).
 - AASB 2015-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle. The Subjects of the principal amendments to the Standards are set out below:
 - AASB 119 Employee Benefits Discount rate: regional market issue clarifies that the high quality corporate bonds used to estimate the discount rate for post-employments benefit obligations should be denominated in the same currency as the liability. Further it clarifies that the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds should be assessed at the currency level.
 - AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101.
 - The Standard makes amendment to AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements arising from the IASB's Disclosure Initiative project. The amendments are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgement in determining what information to disclose in the financial statements. For example, the amendments make clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. The amendments also clarify that companies should use professional judgement in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures.

The Branch is still determining whether any adoption of these standards will have any impact on the future reporting periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Gains

Sale of assets

Gains and losses from disposal of assets are recognised when control of the asset has passed to the buyer.

(q) Capitation fees and levies

Capitation fees and levies are to be recognised on an accrual basis and recorded as a revenue and/or expense in the year to which it relates.

(r) Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

Contingent liabilities and contingent assets are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position but are reported in the relevant notes. They may arise from uncertainty as to the existence of a liability or asset or represent an existing liability or asset in respect of which the amount cannot be reliably measured. Contingent assets are disclosed when settlement is probable but not virtually certain, and contingent liabilities are disclosed when settlement is greater than remote.

(s) Going Concern

The Branch has not entered into an agreement with another reporting unit for financial support to continue on a going concern basis.

The Branch has not entered into any agreements to provide financial support to another reporting unit to ensure they can continue on a going concern basis.

(t) Acquisition of Assets and Liabilities

The Branch did not acquire any assets or liabilities during the year as a result of:

- (a) an amalgamation under Part 2 of Chapter 3 of the RO Act in with the organisation (of which the reporting unit form part) was the amalgamated organisation; or
- (b) a restructure of the branches of the organisation; or
- (c) a determination by the General Manager under subsection 245(1) of the RO Act of an alternative reporting structure for the organisation; or
- (d) a revocation by the General Manager under subsection 245(1).

The Branch did not acquire any assets or liabilities during the year as a part of a business combination.

(u) Recovery of Wages

The Branch has not undertaken any recovery of wages activities during the year or the comparative year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 1 - STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(v) Fair Value Measurements

The Branch measures financial instruments, such as, financial asset as at fair value through the profit and loss, available for sale financial assets, and non-financial assets such as land and buildings and investment properties, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Also, fair values of financial instruments measured at amortised cost are disclosed in Note 17.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Branch. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Branch uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1—Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3—Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Branch determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as land and buildings and investment properties. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Branch has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
NOTE 2 - REVENUE	*	•
Membership subscriptions	3,188,031	3,415,262
Capitation fees	-	=
Compulsory levies	•	-
Interest income	40,788	30,904
Grants and donations	-	-
Other revenue		
 Gain on sale of plant and equipment 		1,659
- Sponsorship income	23,000	18,375
- Board fees	41,676	51,173
- Other income	451	
	3,293,946	3,517,373

The Branch did not receive any other financial support from another reporting unit to ensure that the provision of the principal activities are possible.

NOTE 3 - EXPENSES

Profit before income tax from continuing operations include the following specific expenses:

(a) Depreciation and amortisation	4,443	4,838
(b) Grants and Donations- Grants- Donations	10,100 10,100	7,951 7,951
Split of Grants and Donations: Grants: Total paid that were \$1,000 or less Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	- - -	
Donations: - Total paid that were \$1,000 or less - Total paid that exceeded \$1,000	100 10,000 10,100	451 7,500 7,951
(c) Legal Costs	21,876 21,876	18,984 18,984
Holders of Office: - Salaries and wages - Annual and personal leave expense - Long service leave expense - Superannuation - Separation and redundancies	- - - -	- - - -
Copulation and roadination		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 3 – EXPENSES (CONTINUED)	2015 \$	2014 \$
(d) Employee benefits expense (Continued)		
Employees other than office holders: - Salaries and wages - Annual and personal leave expense - Long service leave expense - Superannuation - Separation and redundancies	- - - - -	- - - -
Total employee benefits expense		
 (e) Administration expenses Branch Allowance Branch Expenses Executive Expenses Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch Membership Expenses Subscriptions - Collection Costs Subscriptions - Refunds Conferences, Seminars and Functions 	1,039 31,632 136 1,224 11,090 4,116 2,530 3,223	755 2,498 14,363 - 4,872 9,427 11,719
Total Administration Expenses	54,990	43,634
 (f) Affiliation fees - Australian Council of Trade Unions IR Levy - Affiliation fees – ACTU (paid to National Office) - Affiliation Fees – ASU National Office (NADC Levy) - Affiliation Fees – Australian Labor Party (State of Queensland) 	257,766 6,972 52,402	12,800 - 8,219 57,471
Total Affiliation fees	317,140	78,490
 (g) Capitation fees - Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union (ASU – National Office) 	526,474	214,030
(h) Consideration to Employers for payroll deductions	-	-
(i) Compulsory Levies	-	-
(j) Penalties – via RO Act or RO Regulations	-	-
(k) Service Agreement		
- Service Agreement – Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees	2,651,524	2,880,120
 Service Agreement - Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch 	118,079	161,442
Total Service Agreement	2,769,603	3,041,562

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

ПОИ	E 3 – EXPENSES (CONTINUED)	2015 \$	2014 \$
(l)	Other expenses		
Tota	 Loss on sale of plant and equipment Advertising Expenses Bank Charges FBT Expenses (Reportable) Insurance Motor Vehicle Expenses Mortality Benefits Payments Research Projects & Publications Industrial Campaigns including Media Travel Expenses Professional Services Other expenses 	714 2,606 3,086 2,434 8,345 1,038 2,240 12,418 - 23,568 - 7,788 64,237	4,121 381 7,719 13,690 4,591 21,881 6,210 58,593
(m)	Seconded staff expenses	151,057	-

During the year the Branch seconded staff to the Australian Services Union – National Office. As detailed in Note 20, all cost associated with the employment of officials and staff was paid by Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees.

It was agreed that the secondment of staffing cost should be paid for by the Branch and as a result, the Branch has reimbursed the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees for these cost incurred during the year.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at Bank	1,162,110	561,805
Short term bank deposits	-	1,312,500
	1,162,110	1,874,305

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 5 – TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	2015 \$	2014 \$
NOTE OF THE STREET OF THE STREET		
CURRENT		
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-
Less provision for impairment	-	
Total Receivable from other reporting units	_	
Other receivables		
Accrued interest	-	26,296
Accrued subscription revenue	-	12,396
GST receivable	38,265	5,163
Other sundry debtors	2,750	2,750
Total other receivables	41,015	46,605
Total trade and other receivables	41,015	46,605

NOTE 5 - TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk - Trade and Other Receivables

The Branch has no significant concentration of credit risk with respect to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The class of assets described as Trade and Other Receivables is considered to be the main source of credit risk related to the Branch.

On a geographical basis, the Branch's trade and other receivables are all based in Australia.

The following table details the Branch's trade and other receivables exposed to credit risk. Amounts are considered 'past due' when the debt has not been settled, within the terms and conditions agreed between the Branch and the customer or counterparty to the transaction. Receivables that are past due are assessed for impairment by ascertaining solvency of the debtors and are provided for where there are specific circumstances indicating that the debt may not be fully repaid to the Branch.

The balance of receivables that remain within initial trade terms (as detailed in the table) are considered to be of high credit quality.

	Gross Amount	Past due and impaired		but not impa ys overdue)	ired	Within initial trade terms
2015	\$	\$	< 30	31-60	60+	\$
Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other trade receivables	41,015	-	-		-	4 1 ,015
Total	41,015	-	-		*	41,015
2014 Receivables from other reporting units	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other trade receivables	46,605	-	-	-	_	46,605
Total	46,605	_	_	-		46,605

Collateral held as security

The Branch does not hold collateral with respect to its receivables at 30 June 2015 (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 6 – OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	2015 \$	2014 \$
Prepayments	28,680	23,722
NOTE 7 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Plant and Equipment		
Furniture and fittings: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total furniture and fittings	- - -	<u>-</u>
Office equipment: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total office equipment	- - - -	- - -
Motor Vehicles: At cost Accumulated Depreciation Total motor vehicles	- - - -	24,845 (16,960) 7,885
Total Property, Plant and Equipment		7,885

(a) Movements in carrying amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Motor Vehicle	Furniture & Fittings	Office Equipment	Total
Balance at 1 July 2013	12,723	-	_	12,723
Additions	-		-	-
Disposals	_	-	-	-
Depreciation expense	(4,838)	- .	-	(4,838)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2014	7,885			7,885
Balance at 1 July 2014	7,885	-	-	7,885
Additions	-	-	**	-
Disposals	(3,442)	**	-	(3,442)
Depreciation expense	(4,443)	_		(4,443)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2015		-	-	**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
NOTE 8 – TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	*	*
Trade payables to other reporting units - Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union (ASU National Office)	275,662	76,848
 Queensland (Services & Northern Administrative) Branch 	28,194	161,442
Total payables to other reporting units	303,856	238,290
Other payables		
 Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees 	-	175,288
- Other trade payables	-	1,907
GST payableLegal costs	-	-
- Income received in advance - Other	24,553 15,201	18,298 4,565
Total other payables	39,754	200,058
Total Trade and Other Payables	343,610	438,348

NOTE 9 - PROVISIONS

	Annual Leave	Vesting Personal Leave Long Service Leave		Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2014	-	-	-	-
Additional provisions raised during the year	-	-	-	-
Amounts used	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2015	_	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
NOTE 9 PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)	,	·
Analysis of total provisions Current employee benefits		
Annual leaveVesting personal leaveLong service leave	- - -	- - -
Non-current - Provision for long service leave		<u>-</u>
Total employee benefits provisions		
Employee benefits split between: Officeholders - Annual leave - Vesting personal leave - Long service leave - Separation and redundancies - Other	-	- - - - -
Non-officeholders - Annual leave - Vesting personal leave - Long service leave - Separation and redundancies - Other	- - - - -	- - - -
Total employee benefits	*	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	2015	2014
NOTE 10 – CASH FLOW INFORMATION	\$	\$

(a) Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, at banks and on deposit or any other cash held that can be readily convertible to a known amount of cash and be subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

Cash at bank Short-term bank deposits	1,162,110 	561,805 1,312,500
	1,162,110	1,874,305
(b) Reconciliation of cash flow from operations with profit after income tax		
(Deficit) / surplus after income tax	(625,974)	49,290
Non cash flows included in profit - Depreciation and amortisation - Loss / (profit) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4,443 710 5,153	4,838 (1,659) 3,179
Changes in assets and liabilities - (Increase) / decrease in trade debtors and other receivables - (Increase) / decrease in other current assets - Increase / (decrease) in trade payables and accruals - Increase / (decrease) in provisions	33,738 (127,840) ————————————————————————————————————	30,674 (19,364) 40,954
Net Cash (used in) / provided by Operating Activities	(714,923)	104,733

(c) Credit standby arrangements and Loan facilities

The Branch did not have any credit facilities during the 2015 financial year (2014: Nil)

(d) Non-Cash Transactions

There have been no non-cash financing or investing activities during the year (2014: Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 10 – CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)	2015 \$	2014 \$
(e) Cash flows to/from other reporting units Included in the statement of cash flows under operating activities are the following receipts and payments to other reporting units		
Receipts from other reporting units	-	
- ASU - National Office	5,237	3,366
Total payments to other reporting units	5,237	3,366
Payments to other reporting units		
 ASU (Queensland Services and Northern Administrative Branch) 	244,968	3,268
- ASU – National Office	678,938	202,073
Total payments to other reporting units	923.906	205,341
Net cash paid to other reporting units	923,379	208,707
NOTE 11 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES The Committee of Management is not aware of any contingent liab material effect on the results of the Branch.	bilities that are likely	to have a
NOTE 12 – AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
Remuneration of the auditor of the Branch for:		
(a) auditing or reviewing the financial statements	9,900	4,890

During the year the Branch's auditors changed from Morris & Batzloff to MGI Audit (Q) Pty Ltd.

9,900

4,890

NOTE 13 - OPERATING SEGMENTS

(b) Other services

The Branch operates solely in one operating segment being the provision of trade union services.

The Branch operates from one geographical segment being Australia.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 14 - EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The net assets transferred to the Branch comprise of:

Provisions

Net Assets

Subsequent to reporting date, the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees ('Together') transferred a total of \$5,773,235 net assets to the Branch for nil consideration. This contribution shall be recognised as income in the 2016 financial statements of the Branch.

\$

(2,443,712)

5,773,235

	·	
•	Cash and cash equivalents	8,238,324
•	Trade and other receivables	277,111
•	Prepayments and other current assets	302,896
•	Plant and equipment	187,379
•	Tarde and other payables	(788,763)

A Deed of Agreement entered into between the Branch and Together outlined that in exchange for the transfer of net assets, the Branch would:

- 1. be responsible for all liabilities of Together (both actual and any contingent) prior to 1 July 2015;
- 2. from 1 July 2015 be liable for the payment of accrued employee entitlements and well as payment of all future employment costs;
- 3. require all membership subscriptions are to be receipted into the Branch's authorised bank accounts; and
- 4. be responsible for the ongoing day-to-day operations of the Branch.

The effect of the above event has not been brought into account in the 2015 financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

2015	2014
\$	\$

NOTE 15 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Branch's related parties are as follows:

(a) Key Management Personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any committee of management member of the Branch, is considered key management personnel.

For details of disclosures relating to key management personnel, refer to Note 16.

(b) Other Related Parties

Other related parties include other Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union branches. In addition, the Branch's state registered body –Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees became a related party (due to the election of common members on both union's committee of management) from 15 May 2015.

(c) Transactions with Related Parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal Commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

For details of the transactions with other related parties refer below.

The amount outstanding from / to any related parties are detailed in Note 5 (trade and other receivables) and Note 8 (trade and other payables).

Transactions with other branches / National Office of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union (ASU) are on terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated.

(a) ASU – National Office		
Capitation fees paid to national office	526,475	214,030
NADC Levies	6,972	8,219
ACTU IR Levy	-	12,800
ACTU Affiliation Fees	268,318	-
Reimbursement of travel costs	956	461
Reimbursement of insurance expenses	5,158	3,358
Reimbursement of donations	-	2,500
Reimbursement of Focus Group expenses	-	5,786
Reimbursement of various other expenses	4,438	6,687
(b) ASU – Queensland Services and Northern Administrative Branch		
Refunds of membership fees paid to Queensland Together Branch	-	2,971
Services Agreement Costs	118,079	161,442
(c) Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (from 15 May 2015)		
Service Agreement Costs	567,241	-

All amounts are exclusive of GST.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 16 - KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Key management personnel comprise those individuals who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Branch. Key management personnel comprise of all elected officials as well as those members of the committee of management. During the year, the key management personnel of the Branch were remunerated as follows:

	Short-Term Benefits	Post-Employment Benefits	Termination Benefits	Total
2015 Total compensation	1,516	-	-	1,516
2014 Total compensation	-	-	-	_

The amounts paid in 2015 relate to payments made by the Branch to Branch Executive and Council members as a meeting allowance. Previously this meeting allowance was paid directly to Executive and Council members by the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees.

Other key management personnel employed by the Branch (elected officials) were paid by the Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees (as detailed in the service agreement – refer Note 20) in both the 2014 and 2015 years. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124: Related Parties has been paid by the Branch to other key management personnel.

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Branch's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, accounts receivable and accounts payable.

The totals for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

	Notes	2015 \$	2014 \$
Financial assets		·	·
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,162,110	1,874,306
Trade and other receivables	5	41,015	46,604
	=	1,203,125	1,920,910
Financial liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	343,610	438,348
, ,		343,610	438,348

Financial Risk Management Policies

The Committee of Management monitors the Branch's financial risk management policies and exposures and approves financial transactions entered into. It also reviews the effectiveness of internal controls relating to commodity price risk, counterparty credit risk, currency risk, financing risk and interest rate risk. The Committee of Management meets monthly to review the financial exposure of the Branch.

The main risk the Branch is exposed to through its financial instruments are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, consisting of interest rate risk.

(a) Credit risk

Exposure to credit risk relating to financial assets arises from the potential non-performance by counterparties of contract obligations that could lead to a financial loss for the Branch.

The Branch does not have any material credit risk exposures as its major source of revenue is the receipt of membership fees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Credit Risk Exposures

The maximum exposures to credit risk by class of recognised financial assets at the end of the reporting period is equivalent to the carrying value and classification of those financial assets (net of provisions) as presented in the statement of financial position.

Accounts receivable and other debtors that are neither past due nor impaired are considered to be of high credit quality. Aggregates of such amounts are detailed in Note 5.

The Branch has no significant concentrations of credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. Details with respect to credit risk of accounts receivable and other debtors are provided in Note 5.

Credit risk related to balances with banks and other financial institutions is managed by the Committee of Management in accordance with approved policy. Such policy requires that surplus funds are only invested with counterparties with a strong reputation and backed by the Commonwealths bank guarantee. At 30 June 2015, all funds were held by financial institutions backed by the Commonwealth Government's bank guarantee.

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility that the Branch might encounter difficulty in settling its debts or otherwise meeting its obligations in relation to financial liabilities. The Branch manages this risk through the following mechanisms:

- preparing forward looking cash flow estimates;
- maintaining a reputable credit profile;
- managing credit risk related to financial assets;
- only investing surplus cash with major financial institutions; and
- comparing the maturity profile of financial liabilities with the realisation profile of financial assets.

The tables below reflect an undiscounted contractual maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities. The Branch does not hold directly any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash flows realised from financial assets reflect management's expectation as to the timing of realisation. Actual timing may therefore differ from that disclosed. The timing of cash flows presented in the table to settle financial liabilities reflects the earliest contractual settlement dates.

Financial Instrument Composition and Maturity Analysis

	Within	1 Year	1 to 5 Ye	ears	Over 5	ears /	То	tal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial liabilities due for payment								
Trade payables	(343,610)	(438,348)	_	-	-	_	(343,610)	(438,348)
Total expected outflows	(343,610)	(438,348)	-	-	-		(343,610)	(438,348)
Financial assets – cash flow receivable Cash and cash equivalents	1,162,110	1,874,305	-		-	-	1,162,110	1,874,305
Other receivables	41,015	46,605	-	-	4		41,015	46,605
Total anticipated inflows	1,203,125	1,920,910	-	-	-	_	1,203,125	1,920,910
Net (outflow) / inflow on financial instruments	859,515	1,482,562	-		-	_	859,515	1,482,562

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Market risk

i. Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of the reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Branch is also exposed to earnings volatility on floating rate instruments.

The financial instruments which expose the Branch to interest rate risk are limited to its cash.

ii. Foreign Exchange Risk

The Branch is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

iii. Price Risk

The Branch is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

Interest Rate Risk

The Branch has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in this risk.

Sensitivity Analysis:

The following table illustrates sensitivities to the Branch's exposures to changes in interest rates. The table indicates the impact of how profit and equity values reported at the end of the reporting period would have been affected by changes in the relevant risk variable that management considers to be reasonably possible.

These sensitivities assume that the movement in a particular variable is independent of other variables.

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Change in profit	·	,
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	23,242	37,486
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(4,044)	(9,933)
Change in Members Equity		
- Increase in interest rate by 2%	23,242	37,486
- Decrease in interest rate by 2%	(4,044)	(9,933)

No sensitivity analysis has been performed on foreign exchange risk, as the Branch is not exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

There have been no changes in any of the assumptions used to prepare the above sensitivity analysis from the prior year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair values

Fair value estimation

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities are presented in the following table and can be compared to their carrying values as presented in the statement of financial position. Fair value is the amount at which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties at an arm's length transaction.

Fair value may be based on information that is estimated or subject to judgment, where changes in assumptions may have a material impact on the amounts estimated. Areas of judgement and the assumptions have been detailed below. Where possible, valuation information used to calculate fair values is extracted from the market, with more reliable information available from markets that are actively traded.

In this regard, fair values for listed securities are obtained from quoted market bid prices. Where securities are unlisted and no market quotes are available, fair value is obtained using discounted cash flow analysis and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

Differences between fair values and carrying amounts of financial instruments with fixed interest rates are due to the change in discount rates being applied by the market since their initial recognition by the Branch. Most of these instruments, which are carried at amortised cost (i.e. accounts receivable), are to be held until maturity and therefore the fair value figures calculated bear little relevance to the Branch.

	20)15	2014		
Footnote	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
(i) (i)	1,162,110	1,162,110	1,874,305	1,874,305	
()	41,015	41,015	46,605	46,605	
	1,203,125	1,203,125	1,920,910	1,920,910	
(i)	343,610 343,610	343,610 343,610	438,348 438,348	438,348 438,348	
	(i) (i)	Footnote Carrying value \$ (i) 1,162,110 (i) 41,015 1,203,125 (i) 343,610	(i) 1,162,110 1,162,110 (i) 41,015 41,015 1,203,125 1,203,125	Footnote Carrying value \$ Fair value value \$ \$ \$ (i) 1,162,110 1,162,110 1,874,305 (i) 41,015 41,015 46,605 1,203,125 1,203,125 1,920,910 (i) 343,610 343,610 438,348	

The fair values disclosed in the above table have been determined based on the following methodologies:

(i) Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other debtors and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying value is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 17 - FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Fair Values (Continued)

Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categories fair value measurement into one of the three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset of liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market date. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

The Branch did not have any assets or liabilities that were recorded using the above fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2015 (2014: Nil).

NOTE 18 - BRANCH DETAILS

The principal place of the Branch is:

Level 1, 27 Peel Street, South Brisbane QLD 4101.

NOTE 19 - NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009

In accordance with the requirements of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, the attention of members is drawn to the following provision of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of Section 272, which reads as follows:

- (1) A member of a reporting unit, or the General Manager, may apply to the reporting unit for specified prescribed information in relation to the reporting unit to be made available to the person making the application.
- (2) The application must be in writing and must specify the period within which, and the manner in which, the information is to be made available. The period must not be less than 14 days after the application is given to the reporting unit.
- (3) A reporting unit must comply with an application made under subsection (1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 19 - NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 (CONTINUED)

The objects of the Union are:

- a. To uphold the rights of organised labour, to improve, protect and foster the best interests of its members and to subscribe to and/or co-operate with a policy of improving the cultural and living standards of its members.
- b. To watch over, improve, foster and protect the interests of its members;
- c. To obtain and maintain for its members reasonable hours of work and fair wages and industrial conditions:
- d. To obtain preferential treatment for members in all aspects of their employment
- e. To improve the social and economic position of its members
- f. To assist members or their families in distress;
- g. To formulate and carry into operation schemes for the industrial, social, recreational, intellectual and general advancement of members and to make arrangements with persons engaged in any trade, business, or profession for the provision to the members of the union of any special benefits, privileges and advantages, in particular in relation to goods and services;
- h. To establish and maintain clubs and other recreational facilities and amenities for the benefit of members, and of their families:
- i. To establish, operate and maintain health services;
- j. To establish funds for the benefit of members, officers and employees or a particular class or group of members, officers and employees;
- k. To establish Branches:
- To establish and/or maintain union and/or labour and trade union journals, newspapers and other
 publications and radio, television and other electronic broadcasting by any means including but
 not limited to the purchase of shares in a corporation carrying on such an activity;
- m. To provide information on industrial, economic, social, legal and political matters affecting members;
- n. To assist members in enforcing their rights under any law relating to industrial conciliation or arbitration or compensation for illness or injuries or any other Statutory enactment;
- To provide pecuniary, legal and other assistance for securing, protecting and advancing the rights, privileges, benefits, interests and welfare of members and their families and for the conduct of negotiations or any proceedings for the attainment of the objects (including this object) or any one of them of the union;
- p. To organise the training and education of members;
- q. To assist kindred unions;
- r. To co-operate, affiliate, federate, amalgamate, merge with or absorb any Association, Organisation or Union of employees whether registered or not pursuant to the Industrial Relations Act (1988) or the industrial law of any State or Territory of Australia;
- s. To establish a fund for the assistance and support of trade unionists;
- t. To affiliate to (and pay affiliation fees in respect thereof) and/or assist financially or otherwise any bona fide labour or trade union organisation or association or representative body or peak council which promotes or protects the cause of labour.
- u. To establish, maintain and/or assist any body, corporation or association concerned with research into the industrial, economic, social, legal and political matters affecting members and the trade union movement
- v. To provide funds from donations, levies, fines, contributions, fees, interests on capital, and from any other monies from which payments may be made for the purposes of any of these objects;
- w. To invest funds:
- To support co-operative ventures generally;
- y. To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real property and in particular any land, buildings, or easements for any purposes relating to the conduct of the union;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

NOTE 19 -NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER THE FAIR WORK (REGISTERED ORGANISATIONS) ACT 2009 (CONTINUED)

- z. To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Union or a Branch may think fit, to secure the same, or the repayment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the Union or a Branch in any way and to redeem or pay off any such securities;
- aa. To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Union or of a Branch;
- bb. To protect the interests of the industry:
- cc. To promote industrial peace by all means of conciliation and arbitration;
- dd. To prevent lockouts between employers and members;
- ee. To secure redress for any grievances to which members or any of them may become subject;
- ff. To prevent, regulate or restrict the employer's actions or claims to dismiss or refuse to employ or reinstate in employment, in all appropriate cases;
- gg. To make donations to bona fide charitable purposes;
- hh. To create and promote equality of opportunity in employment and promotion within employment;
- ii. To act as agent for and on behalf of members or non-members in a manner consistent with these objects and the rules and in the interests of members and to do all things necessary and incidental thereto;
- jj. To promote the participation of women in the Union, and to encourage their representation in its elected offices;
- kk. To enter into agreements with State Unions in respect of Joint Members to improve efficiency of administration and effectiveness of representation;
- II. To undertake and do all such acts matter and things as may be necessary, incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects a. to jį, or any of them; and

mm. Each of the objects a. - kk. may be applied separately and without limitation.

NOTE 20 - SERVICE AGREEMENT WITH TOGETHER QUEENSLAND, INDUSTRIAL UNION OF EMPLOYEES

A deed of agreement was entered into (dated 26 November 2010) by the former Queensland Public Sector Union and the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union, Central and Southern Queensland Clerical and Administrative Branch, Union of Employees to amalgamate and form Together Queensland, Industrial Union of Employees ('Together).

Upon the formation of the Together, the Branch entered into a service agreement (dated 1 July 2011), which detailed a number of arrangements including:

- The setting of membership fees and maintenance of a membership system.
- · The employment and management of staff.
- Provision of industrial, employment and membership services for the members of the Branch.
- Management of the finances of the Branch.
- Eligibility for membership and the coverage of both the Branch and Together.

As a result of this service agreement, the Branch utilised the resources of Together to undertake its day-today operations. In exchange for the utilisation of the resources of Together, the Branch agreed to pay a service fee as determined by the service agreement.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AUSTRALIAN MUNICIPAL, ADMINISTRATIVE, CLERICAL AND SERVICES UNION QUEENSLAND TOGETHER BRANCH

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch ("the Branch"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of recovery of wages activity for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the Committee of Management's operating report and statement.

Committee's Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Committee of Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 ("Act"), and for such internal control as the Committee of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the Committee Members also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Committee of Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

Matters Relating to the Electronic Presentation of the Audited Financial Report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Branch for the year ended 30 June 2015 included on the Australian Municipal, Administrative Clerical and Services Union - Queensland Together Branch website. The Branch's Committee of Management are responsible for the integrity of the website. We have not been engaged to report on the integrity of the Branch's website. The auditor's report refers only to the statements named above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/ from these statements. If users of this report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from electronic data communications they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information included in the audited financial report presented on this website.

Declarations

We declare that we are an approved auditor as defined in Regulation 4 of the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Regulations 2009.

We declare that we are members of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia and hold a current Public Practice Certificate.

Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion:

- (1) the financial report of the Australian Municipal, Administrative, Clerical and Services Union Queensland Together Branch is in accordance with the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009, including:
 - (i) giving a true and fair view of the Branch's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- (2) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 1.
- (3) the Branch has kept satisfactory accounting records for the financial year including records of:
 - (i) the sources and nature of the Branch's income, including membership subscriptions and other income from members; and
 - (ii) the nature of and reasons for the Branch's expenditure.
- (4) All the information and explanations that officers or employees of the Branch were required to provide have been provided; and
- (5) There was no deficiency, failure or shortcoming in any matters referred to in (1) to (4) above.
- (6) The Branch's use of the going concern basis of accounting used in the preparation of the Branch's financial statements is appropriate.

M.G.I

MGI Audit (Q) Pty Ltd

G I Kent

Director - Audit & Assurance

Chartered Accountant and holder of a Certificate of Public Practice

South Brisbane

21 October 2016